

RECIPES Guidance for the future use of the precautionary principle

Kristel De Smedt Maastricht University

RECIPES Final Conference
Precaution for Responsible Innovation: New Options to Move Forward, 11 May 2022



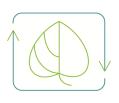


The RECIPES Guidance

Orientation and inspiration for future use of precautionary principle

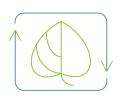
In line with current valuebased R&I strategy of the European Commission and Responsible Innovation





RECIPES Target groups

- EU policy makers
- European agencies and
- EU support organizations and bodies



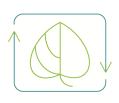
The RECIPES Project in context

2018: Taking stock of the application of the precautionary principle in R&I – SwafS-18-2018

Challenge:

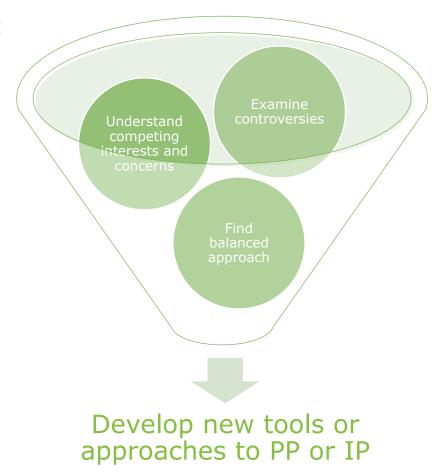
In 2000, the European Commission adopted a Communication on the precautionary principle (PP) following several crises in the fields of health and food safety...

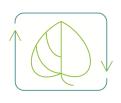
Since then, the application of PP has become controversial, with some stakeholders advocating an innovation principle (IP) by which potential innovation benefits should be favoured when weighed against potential risks...



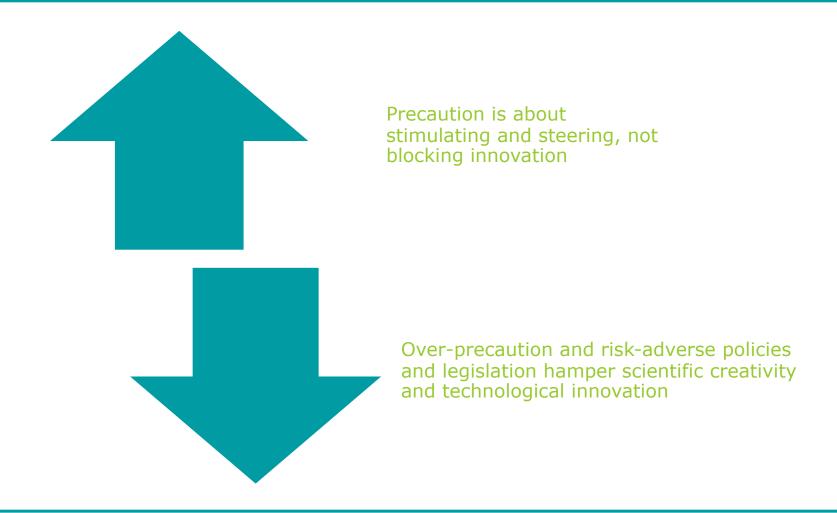
The RECIPES Project in context

• Request:





The RECIPES Project in context





RECIPES development process

Step 1: Stocktaking

- Literature review
- Media analysis
- Citizen interviews

Step 3: Needs assessment (2)

- Identification and mapping of needs
- 3 meta-themes

Step 2: Casestudies

- 9 Case-studies
- Case study analysis
- 3 Scenarios for future application PP

Step 4: RECIPES Guidance (Pre-final)

- Conform vision
- Guidance per meta-theme
- Combined in 1 guidance

Step 3: Needs assesment (1)

- A year-long stakeholder engagement process
- Development of RECIPES Vision

Step 6: Policy workshop

- Test and feedback
- Finalisation of Guidance

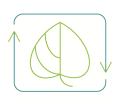
The RECIPES vision for the future implementation of the precautionary principle in the EU:

Implementation of the precautionary principle shall ensure a high level of proactive protection of human health and the environment and stimulate socially desired innovation



Needs assessment

- No consensus
- Needs expressed by all stakeholders regarding the future application of the precautionary principle revolved around one or more of three overarching themes:
 - Scope of application
 - Participation
 - Organisation of expertise



Scope of Application

Main insight

A **double role** for the precautionary principle

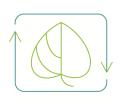
Safeguard

Compass





Informs on the scope of application of the precautionary principle and how the precautionary principle can be used in a double role as Safeguard and Compass

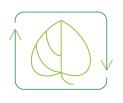


Organisation of expertise

Main insight

Well-organized and timely collection and generation of 'actionable knowledge' are key for dealing informed with uncertain risks and for applying the precautionary principle prudently

Sets out possible ways to broaden and strengthen the knowledge base in dealing with uncertain risks

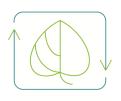


Participation

Main insight

Participation should be inserted throughout the innovation cycle in order to inform both application of the precautionary principle as a safeguard and use of precaution as a compass

Gives advice on how to select appropriate methods for participatory processes and to deal with questions of transparency, facilitation, and power asymmetries of participation processes



How to use the guidance

- No standard instructions
- Considerations, advice and possible ways to improve the application of the precautionary principle, in particular with respect to scope, organisation of expertise and participation



An inspirational Conference!

www.recipes-project.eu